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ITALY.

Report from Naples—Arabs from Alexandria refused embarkation.

NAPLES, ITALY, July 25, 1900.

SIR: I have the honor to report that for the week ended July 25, 1900, the following ships were inspected:

On July 19, the steamship *Burgundia*, of the Fabre Line Company, bound with passengers and cargo for New York. There were inspected and passed 278 steerage passengers and 58 pieces of large and 315 pieces of small baggage. Thirty pieces of baggage were disinfected by steam.

On July 20, the steamship *Werra*, of the North German Lloyd Company, bound with passengers and cargo for New York. There were inspected and passed 29 cabin and 832 steerage passengers and 216 pieces of large and 988 pieces of small baggage. Thirteen pieces of baggage were disinfected by steam.

On July 21, the steamship *Alsatia*, of the Anchor Line, bound with passengers and cargo for New York. There were inspected and passed 271 steerage passengers and 35 pieces of large and 345 pieces of small baggage. Twenty-one pieces of baggage were disinfected by steam.

On July 22, the steamship *Archimede*, of the Italian Navigation Company, bound with passengers and cargo for New York. There were inspected and passed 15 cabin and 885 steerage passengers and 255 pieces of large and 1,165 pieces of small baggage. Sixty-seven pieces of baggage were disinfected by steam.

On July 25, the steamship *Aller*, of the North German Lloyd Company, bound with passengers and cargo, for New York. There were inspected and passed 35 cabin and 438 steerage passengers and 180 pieces of large and 580 pieces of small baggage. Twenty-three pieces of baggage were disinfected by steam.

On July 19, there presented themselves 30 Arabs for embarkation on the steamship *Burgundia*. As they had left Alexandria only one week before and their history previous to that was rather vague, the steamship company was advised not to embark them.

Respectfully,

VICTOR G. HEISER,
Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.

The SURGEON-GENERAL,
U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

JAPAN.

Plague in Osaka and Shidzuoka—Report of a cholera case in Yokohama.

YOKOHAMA, JAPAN, July 16, 1900.

SIR: I have the honor to inform you that since my report of July 5 but 1 case of plague has been reported from Osaka, occurring on the 9th instant, and 1 from Shidzuoka Ken on the 7th.

No second case of cholera has been reported in connection with that returned from Kobe June 30, but a case "suspected" to be cholera occurred in Yokohama, July 12. I can not learn that a bacteriological examination has been made, and, for many reasons, am very doubtful as to the diagnosis given.

Respectfully,

STUART ELDRIDGE,
Acting Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S., Sanitary Inspector.
The SURGEON-GENERAL,
U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.